Nahanni National Park Reserve Southwest Northwest Territories Field Unit 10005 100 Street Fort Simpson, NT XOE ONO

March 20, 2024

To: Distribution List

Re: Notification of Completion of Preliminary Screening of Outfitter Operations in Nahanni and Nááts' įhch'oh National Park Reserves

In accordance with the Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act, Parks Canada has conducted a preliminary screening of Outfitter Operations in Nahanni and Nááts'jhch'oh National Park Reserves. Parks Canada has determined that the development may proceed after receiving appropriate authorization. Authorization will not occur until the 10-day pause period for preliminary screenings has completed. Please find the completed preliminary screening attached.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Colleen Murchison

Ecologist Team Leader, Nahanni National Park Reserve Parks Canada

Phone: (867) 695-6639

Email: colleen.murchison@pc.gc.ca

Parks Canada Preliminary Screening under the *Mackenzie Valley**Resource Management Act

TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT:

- □ New
- Amended
- ✓ Requires a permit, licence or authorization under the *Preliminary Screening Requirement Regulations* (issuance of a <u>Business Licence and Aircraft Access Permit</u> pursuant to the *National Parks of Canada Business Regulations* s 4.1)
- Does not require permit, licence or authorization and is proposed by PCA

1. DEVELOPMENT TITLE & LOCATION

Outfitter Guided Trips in Nahanni and Nááts'jhch'oh National Park Reserves

2. PROPONENT INFORMATION

Black Feather 1-888-849-7668 info@blackfeather.com

Canoe North Adventures (519) 941-6654 (867) 587-4440 info@canoenorthadventures.com

Nahanni Wilderness Adventures (888) 897-5223 info@nahanniwild.com

3. PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT DATES

Planned commencement: 2024-06-01 Planned completion: 2024-09-30

4. INTERNAL FILE

NAH2024-001

5. DEVELOPMENT DESCRIPTION

Many visitors accessing Nahanni National Park Reserve (Nahanni) and Nááts'įhch'oh National Park Reserve (Nááts'įhch'oh) do so as clients of commercial outfitting companies. Guided trips typically begin at earliest the first week of June (more often, the second to third week of June) and, on

average, run until the first week of September. They range anywhere from one to three weeks in length and include river tripping and hiking as primary activities. Each guided trip includes a maximum of 15 people (including guides). Commercial river outfitters must obtain Parks Canada business licenses to operate in the parks.

The Guidelines for Licensing of Guided River Outfitting in Nahanni and Nááts'jhch'oh National Park Reserves outline the considerations for safety and sustainability, set quotas for visitation and limit the number of licences Parks Canada issues in Nahanni National Park Reserve. As per the licensing guidelines and in accordance with the *Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act* (MVRMA), the activities of commercial outfitting companies must undergo preliminary screening before their licences can be issued. This preliminary screening applies to the following commercial outfitting companies, which have indicated that they will be applying for their annual business licence renewal, and includes the listed activities/locations:

Companies

- Black Feather Wilderness Adventure Company
- Nahanni Wilderness Adventures
- Canoe North Adventures

Activities

- Water-based: canoeing, rafting, kayaking, stand up paddle board, and packrafting (packrafting only on the Broken Skull, Little and South Nahanni, and Flat rivers)
- Land-based: camping, day hiking, backpacking (overnight camping), and base camping (only by the above companies who are licenced for base camping at Níonep'ene? Tué and for no longer than 14 days)

Locations (see map, Appendix 1)

WATER-BASED ACTIVITY START LOCATIONS	
Qtaa Tué Fehto (Divide Lake), Nááts'įhch'oh	Access to Pį́įp'enéh łéetǫ́ǫ́ Deé (Broken Skull River) which travels through both parks and for Tátsǫ́k'áá Deé (Raven's Throat River) (river outside of the park; outfitters may heli-sling over)
Nááts' įhch' oh Tué (Moose Ponds), Nááts' įhch' oh	Access to headwaters of South Nahanni River, which travels through both parks
Túoch'ee Tué (O'Grady Lake), Nááts'įhch'oh	Access for the Túoch'ee Deé (Natla River) (most of the river is outside of the park – there is a small portion in the park, connecting two parts of Túoch'ee Tué (O'Grady Lake), but most groups put in downstream of this connector section)
Island Lakes, Nahanni Bunny Bar, Nahanni Gahnihthah Mie, Nahanni Náilicho, Nahanni	Access for the South Nahanni River
Flat Lakes, NT	Access to Little Nahanni River, which travels through both parks
Divide Lake, NT (<i>Note</i> : near Flat Lakes; this is a different location than the Divide Lake in Nááts'įhch'oh)	Access to Flat River which begins outside Nahanni park boundary in NT and travels into Nahanni National Park Reserve joining up with South Nahanni River below Náįlįcho.

WATER-BASED ACTIVITY END LOCATIONS	
Gahnįhthah Mįe, Nahanni	Blackstone Territorial Park, NT
Náįlįcho, Nahanni	Łiidlįį Kų́ę́, NT
Nahanni Butte, NT	Tulita, NT
Lindberg's Landing, NT	

WATER-BASED ACTIVITY CAMP LOCATIONS	
Nahanni	
Náįlįcho	Gahnįhthah Mįe
Glacier Lake	
Random camp locations along the Broken Skull, Little and South Nahanni, and Flat river corridors	
Nááts'įhch'oh	
Qtaa Tué Fehto (Divide Lake)	Nááts'įhch'oh Tué (Moose Ponds) (on old tundra tire strip)
Níonep'ene? Tué (Backbone Lake/Grizzly Bear Lake)	Túoch'ee Tué (O'Grady Lake) (on sand peninsula)
Random camp locations. Most frequently used: Creek junction above Swallow Falls; Creek junction of	

Random camp locations. Most frequently used: Creek junction above Swallow Falls; Creek junction of creek flowing from Sadéé Shúh Gaofáá (Grizzly Bear Hot Springs) and Broken Skull River; Broken Skull Hot Springs, access campsite; Three Valley Confluence (White Wolf Creek, Rainbow Creek and Broken Skull River)

HIKING / BACKPACKING ROUTES (Note: all are backcountry/non-maintained routes)		
Nahanni		
South Nahanni River to Glacier Lake (multi-night)	Glacier Lake to Fairy Meadows (multi-night)	
Gahnihthah Mie to Gahnihthah Tufa Mounds	Gahnįhthah Portage and Campground (day)	
(day)		
Sunblood Mountain (day)	Marengo Creek (day)	
Pulpit Rock and Gate Viewpoint (day)	Painted Canyon (day)	
Scow Creek (day)	Lafferty's Creek (day)	
Other exploratory day hike routes along river	Ram Plateau (rarely)	
corridors		
Nááts'įhch'oh		
Tuededéveh Tué (Clearwater Lake) / Sedzeełéetó	Níonep'ene? Tué (Backbone Lake/Grizzly Bear	
Piehtéh (Broken Heart Plateau) (multi-night)	Lake) (multi-night or day hikes)	
Níonep'ene? Tué (Backbone Lake/Grizzly Bear	Pį́įp'enéh łéetǫ́ó Deé (Broken Skull River) to	
Lake) to Sadéé Shúh Gaofáá (Grizzly Bear Hot	Pį́įp'enéh łéetǫ́ǫ́ Gaǫfáá (Broken Skull Hot	
Spring) (day)	Springs) (day)	

6. VALUED COMPONENTS

Note: Outfitting companies have utilized the same locations in both parks since the 1960's and 70's; many have been surveyed for natural and heritage resources (these surveys are ongoing) and areas of significance are avoided/respected by guides and their clients.

Soil/Land Resources

• The parks are located within the Taiga and Boreal Cordillera Ecological regions of the Northwest Territories. These regions include a complex landscape of rugged peaks and ridges, rolling hills, eroded plateaus, deep V- and U-shaped valleys, fast-flowing braided rivers and streams and slow-flowing meandering rivers, and in the south and west, glaciers and icefields. Glacial deposits are widely distributed and occur mainly on the floors and lower slopes of valleys, lakes and ponds are small and sparsely distributed, and wetlands are locally common only on the floodplains and lower slopes of large rivers and on a few broad plateaus. It is an area of discontinuous permafrost (ECG, 2010). To protect the alpine forests in Nááts'įhch'oh, fires at all lakes are prohibited. This does not apply to Sahtu Dene and Métis. The area within the original Nahanni park boundary is a UNESCO World Heritage Site, recognized for its exceptional representation of on-going geological processes, including karst topography, hot springs/tufa mounds, and caves. Several of these areas are Zone 1, Special Preservation, and visitor access is restricted (Parks Canada, 2020).

Air/Noise Quality

No formal observations of air/noise quality have occurred in the parks; however, it is expected
that these valued components are excellent and representative of their natural state. The
majority of both parks are zone II Wilderness, which represents "extensive areas that are good
representations of a natural region and are conserved in a wilderness state" and "in much of
Zone II, visitors have the opportunity to experience remoteness and solitude. Motorized
access is not permitted except for controlled air access" (Parks Canada, 2017 & 2020).

Aquatic Resources

- SARA-listed Bull Trout (*Salvelinus confluentus*) are present in the South Nahanni River below Nájljcho (Babaluk, 2015).
- The South Nahanni River is silt-laden (March and Scotter, 1975), as is common of many rivers and streams in this area as they flow through glacial deposits (ECG, 2010).

Flora and Fauna

- Migratory and SARA-listed birds are present in the parks and may nest at locations visited by guided groups; the general nesting season for this area extends from approximately May 1 to August 25. Common Nighthawk (*Chordeiles minor*), a ground- nesting species has been observed nesting on the Prairie Creek, Clearwater Creek, and Bunny Bar alluvial fans (Tate, pers. comm., 2017; Arnold, pers. comm., 2020).
- Five bat species (including two SARA-listed species) Little Brown Myotis (*Myotis lucifugus*), Northern Myotis (*Myotis septentrionalis*), Long-legged Myotis (*Myotis volans*), Big Brown Bat (*Eptesicus fuscus*), and Hoary Bat (*Lasiurus cinerus*) have been recorded in both parks (Lausen et al., 2014; EDI, 2019), while the occurrence of two additional species Long-eared Myotis (*Myotis evotis*) and Eastern Red Bat (Lasiurus borealis) has only been confirmed within Nahanni (Lausen et al., 2014). As of 2019, two cave sites within Nahanni, including Grotte Valerie, have been confirmed as hibernacula for Myotis bat species and two additional sites are suspected (Horne and Critchley, 2020). Current evidence suggests that Grotte Valerie is likely used as a hibernaculum by five species: Little Brown Bat, Northern Myotis, Longlegged Myotis, Big Brown Bat and Long-eared Myotis (C. Lausen and G. Horne, pers. comm., 2017). All caves in the park reserves are off-limits to visitors.
- Grizzly Bear (*Ursus arctos* Western population) have a widespread distribution throughout the parks (Weaver, 2006). However, grizzly bear encounters in the parks are relatively

uncommon with between 0 and 10 sightings reported annually by visitors and park staff in Nahanni from 2010 to 2017 and 1-2 annual sightings reported in Nááts'įhch'oh from 2016 to 2017 (Nahanni National Park Reserve, 2017). Most grizzly bear sightings occur in areas of the park where food caches are provided for visitors to store food and other attractants — Gahnįhthah Mįe, Náįlįcho and Glacier Lake. With lower visitor numbers and no designated camping areas/food caches, Nááts'įhch'oh communicates notices of bear activity to visitors as early as possible. In Nááts'įhch'oh, camping within 1km of hot springs is prohibited. This is in part due to the high number of observations of grizzly bear activity recorded on remote cameras. Additionally, in accordance with Nahanni's Bear Management Plan, all reported bear observations are carefully reviewed by park staff to determine whether management action (e.g., public alerts, area closures, etc.) should be taken to prevent human-bear conflict.

- Interaction with other SARA-listed species in the parks i.e., Collared pika (Ochotona collaris),
 Caribou (Rangifer tarandus boreal population) and Woodland caribou (Rangifer tarandus
 caribou Northern Mountain population) will be minimal as visitors either do not frequent
 habitats where these species are located, or visitation does not occur during periods of
 significant congregation such as calving. No adverse effects are anticipated if the mitigation
 measures described in this screening are followed.
- No SARA-listed vegetation species will be impacted. Nahanni Aster (Symphyotrichum nahanniense), a SARA-listed species, exists at various locations along the Flat and South Nahanni rivers (COSEWIC, 2014). Three of these populations are protected as Zone I Special Preservation (no public access except by permit or with Parks staff present) and the remaining four are in Zone II Wilderness areas (Parks Canada, 2020).

Social/Cultural Environment (including Wildlife Harvesting)

- Harvesting (wildlife, plants, and trees) and motorized access for traditional activities within park boundaries is a right of local First Nations and Sahtu Métis (Parks Canada, 2017 & 2020).
- Public access to Zone I special preservation areas with significant cultural importance, including Mount Nááts'įhch'oh and Chitú (Yohin Lake), is not allowed (Parks Canada, 2017 & 2020). Public access to the south tufa mound at Gahnįhthah is permitted through guided hikes only (Parks Canada, 2020). Traditional use by local First Nations and Sahtu Métis is not restricted through park zoning.

Heritage Resources

• Heritage resources are defined as a human work, an object, or a place that is determined, based on its heritage value, to be directly associated with an important aspect or aspects of human history and culture of a heritage area (Parks Canada, 2013). Heritage resources include archaeological or historic sites, burial sites, artifacts, and other objects of historical, cultural, or religious significance, and historical or cultural records (MVRMA (s.2)). Heritage resources exist throughout both parks. Although surveys have been conducted to identify these resources at certain locations along major river valleys, lakes, and in the Glacier Lake/Cirque of the Unclimbables area, there remains a high potential for the presence of undocumented resources throughout both parks.

7. EFFECTS ANALYSIS

See "Parks Canada Best Management Practice (BMP) for Commercially Guided Eco-tourism Activities in Nahanni and Nááts' jhch'oh National Park Reserves of Canada" (Appendix 2).

8. MITIGATION MEASURES

Outfitters will adhere to mitigations described in the "Parks Canada Best Management Practice (BMP) for Commercially Guided Eco-tourism Activities in Nahanni and Nááts'įhch'oh National Park Reserves of Canada" (Appendix 2).

Additional mitigations for base camping at Nionep'enep Tué (Backbone Lake/Grizzly Bear Lake):

- All human waste will be packed out of the park
- Base camping at the lake will take place on shale substrates only
- If food and kitchen equipment are left unattended, they must be stored in bear resistant containers and bear deterrents must be in place (e.g., portable bear fence, acoustic device). All deterrent(s) must be removed when the camp is dismantled
- The camp location must be left in a natural state, with no evidence of human occupation remaining after dismantling

9. OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- □ Surveillance
- □ Follow-up monitoring, general
- □ Follow-up monitoring, required by legislation or policy (indicate basis of requirement e.g., required by the *Species at Risk Act*)
- SARA Notification
- ✓ Additional conditions may be placed on business licenses for Nááts'jhch'oh

10. SIGNIFICANCE OF RESIDUAL ADVERSE EFFECTS

Given the limited and short-term magnitude of effects, the location in predominantly pre- impacted areas, and the application of mitigation measures the development is not expected to cause residual adverse effects to natural/cultural resources or visitor experience.

11. EXPERTS CONSULTED

18
urce Management
NWT Field Unit

Expertise Requested: General information on heritage resource surveys/inventories for both parks

Response: See information in section 6 (Valued Components)		
Department:	Date of Request:	
Parks Canada / Government of Canada	June 15, 2017	
Expert's Name & Contact Information:	Title:	
Doug Tate	Ecologist Team Lead, Lake Superior	
22 Third Street, Nipigon, ON, POT 2J0 Doug.Tate@canada.ca / Tel: 807-372-0011	National Marine Conservation Area	
Expertise Requested: Information on Common Nightl	nawk nesting locations	
Response: See information in section 6 (Valued Comp	oonents)	
Departments:	Date of Request:	
Wildlife Conservation Society Canada	November 2017	
Parks Canada / Government of Canada		
Experts Names & Contact Information:	Titles:	
Cori Lausen	Associate Conservation Scientist	
Suite 204 - 344 Bloor Street West, Toronto, ON		
M5S 3A7		
cLausen@wcs.org		
Greg Horne	Resource Management Officer II	
1 Compound road, Jasper, AB		
greg.horne@canada.ca / Mobile: 780-883-0253		
Expertise Requested: Information on bat species potentially using Grotte Valerie as a hibernaculum		
Response: See information in section 6 (Valued Components)		
Department:	Date of Request: February 21, 2020	
Parks Canada / Government of Canada		
Expert's Name & Contact Information:	Title:	
Sarah Arnold	Ecologist Team Lead, Nahanni National	
PO Box 348, Fort Simpson, NT X0E 0N0	Park Reserve	
sarah.arnold@canada.ca / Tel: 867-695-7768		
Expertise Requested: Information on Common Nighthawk nesting locations		
Response: See information in section 6 (Valued Components)		



11.1 References

- Arnold, S. 2020. Personal communication February 2020. Ecologist Team Leader, Nahanni NationalPark Reserve, Parks Canada.
- Babaluk et al. 2015. Distribution of Fish Species within the South Nahanni River Watershed, Northwest Territories. Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada. Winnipeg, MB
- COSEWIC. 2014. *COSEWIC assessment and status report on the Nahanni Aster Symphyotrichum nahanniense in Canada*. Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada. Ottawa. ix + 39 pp. (www.registrelep-sararegistry.gc.ca/default_e.cfm).
- Ecosystem Classification Group (ECG). 2010. Ecological Regions of the Northwest Territories Cordillera. Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Government of the Northwest Territories, Yellowknife, NT, Canada. Available online at:

 http://www.enr.gov.nt.ca/sites/enr/files/resources/cordillera_ecological_land_classfication_report.pdf
- EDI. 2019. HPAR Wildlife Baseline Studies 2019 Field Season Results Summary. Unpublished report.
- Horne, G. 2016. *Nahanni National Park Reserve, Report of Bat and Cave Monitoring 2016*. Unpublished report.
- Horne, G. and D. Critchley. 2020. *Nahanni National Park Reserve, Report of Bat and Cave Monitoring* 2019. Unpublished report.
- Lausen et al. 2014. Bats of Nahanni National Park Reserve and Surrounding Areas, Northwest Territories. Northwestern Naturalist. 95:186-196.
- Lausen, C. and G. Horne. Email, November 2017.
- Mackenzie Valley Resource Management Act (MVRMA). 2016. Available online at: http://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/M-0.2/
- March, A.H. and G.W. Scotter. 1975. Vegetation Survey and Impact Assessment of the NahanniHot Springs and Virginia Falls Areas, Nahanni National Park. Prepared for Parks Canada by the Canadian Wildlife Service, Edmonton.
- Nahanni National Park Reserve. 2017. Bear Observation Database. Unpublished raw data.
- Parks Canada. 2013. Cultural Resource Management Policy.
- Parks Canada. 2017. Nááts'jhch'oh National Park Reserve Management Plan.
- Parks Canada. 2020. Nahanni National Park Reserve of Canada Nah?g Dehé Management Plan.



Parks Canada. 2019. Guidelines for Licensing of Guided River Outfitting in Nahanni and Nááts'įhch'oh National Park Reserves. Available online at: https://www.pc.gc.ca/en/pn-np/nt/nahanni/info/guides

Tate, D. 2017. Personal communication June 2017. Ecologist Team Leader, Lake SuperiorNational Marine Conservation Area, Parks Canada.

Weaver, J.L. 2006. Big Animals and Small Parks: Implications of Wildlife Distribution and Movements for Expansion of Nahanni National Park Reserve. Wildlife Conservation Society Canada. Conservation Report No. 1.

12. REVIEW PERIOD

The development description was sent to the MVEIRB, for posting on the public registry, and the distribution list on February 26, 2024. Anyone from the public could provide comments on or before March 19th, 2024. No concerns were raised by the public.

13. DECISION

Taking into account the analysis and implementation of mitigation measures outlined in the analysis, the development:

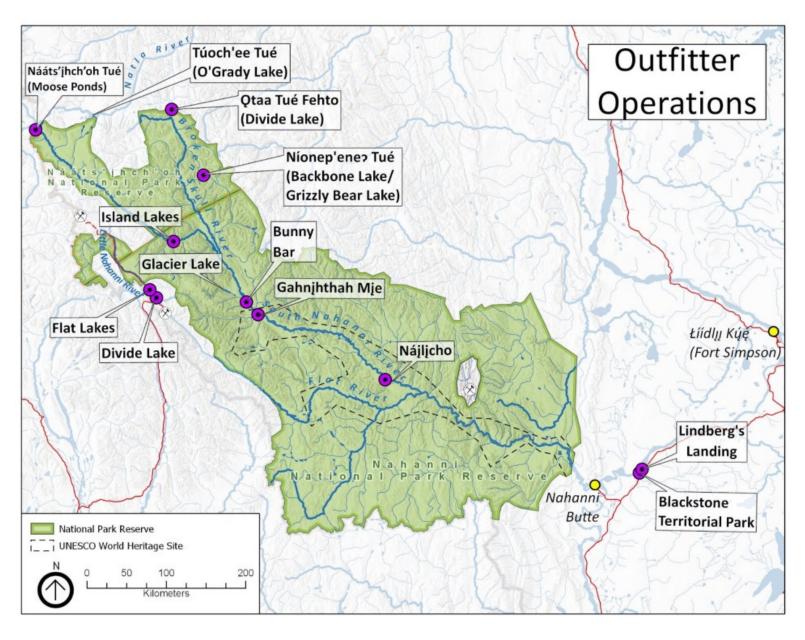
- Might have a significant adverse impact on the environment, and the proposal should be referred to the *Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact Review Board* for environmental assessment.
- ✓ Does not have a likelihood of causing significant adverse impact on the environment.
- □ Might be a cause for public concern, and the proposal should be referred to the *Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact Review Board* for environmental assessment.
- ✓ Does not have a likelihood of causing public concern.



14. APPROVAL

Prepared by:	Date: March 20, 2024
Colleen Murchison	
Ecologist Team Leader, Nahanni National Park Reserve	
Approved by:	Date: March 20, 2024
Cinoly Baryluk	
Cindy Baryluk	
A/Superintendent, Nááts'įhch'oh National Park Reserve	
Approved by:	Date: March 20, 2024
of Carpenter	
Jennifer Carpenter	
A/Superintendent, Nahanni National Park Reserve	







APPENDIX 2: Parks Canada Best Management Practice (BMP) for Commercially Guided Ecotourism Activities in Nahanni and Nááts'įhch'oh National Park Reserves of Canada

Note: see attachment in accompanying email



APPENDIX 3 - Distribution List

Organization	Contact	
Mackenzie Valley Environmental Impact		
Review Board	preliminaryscreening@reviewboard.ca	
Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board	jpotten@mvlwb.com; tyree@mvlwb.com	
Grand Chief Herb Norwegian		
Dehcho First Nations	herb_norwegian@dehcho.org	
Executive Director Alison de Pelham	Executivedirector@dehcho.org	
Dehcho First Nations		
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Nahanni Butte Dene Band	Thanager & Hanaderie.ca	
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Deh Gáh Got'ıe First Nation	<u>emere derigangotieroa</u>	
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Sambaa K'e Dene Band		
Chief Lloyd Moses	info@pkfn.ca	
Pehdzeh Ki First Nation	chief@pkfn.ca	
Chief Kenneth Cayen	chief@wpfn.ca	
West Point First Nation		
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Fort Providence Métis Council	fpmcpres@northwestel.net	
President Darlene Sibbeston	metisnation52@northwestel.net	
Fort Simpson Métis Local		
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Goose Flying Services	info@flygoose.ca	
Great Slave Helicopters 2018	fortsimpson@gsheli.com	
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Liard Air Ltd	flights@liardair.com	
Nahanni Heli Adventures	info@nahanniheliadventures.com	



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Government of the Northwest Territories		
Douglas Dillon (Aboriginal Tourism		
Development Officer, Industry, Tourism and	Douglas_Dillon@gov.nt.ca	
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Government of the Northwest Territories)		
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Norman Wells Land Corporation	receptionist@nwlc.ca	
Norman Wells - Renewable Resources	sahtuapple@hotmail.com	
Council	nwrrc@nwlc.ca	
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